Course duration

• 5 days

Course Benefits

Course Outline

- 1. Setup
 - 1. Verifying Node.js and either NPM or yarn
 - 2. Verifying class libraries
 - 3. Verifying class files
 - 4. Verifying TypeScript setup
 - 5. IDE (WebStorm or Visual Studio Code preferred)
- 2. Introduction to React
 - 1. What problem(s) does React solve?
 - 1. Traditional, pre-JS web applications
 - 2. Late-model, MV* and JS web applications
 - 2. React's solutions
 - 1. Single-page apps
 - 2. View libraries
 - 3. Helper libraries
 - 3. React and TypeScript development environment
 - 1. Simplicity: create-react-app with TypeScript built in
 - 4. Hello world
 - 1. Your first React component
 - 2. Using React within a page
 - 3. Making some basic changes
 - 4. React and JSX and TypeScript
- 3. Components
 - 1. Two types of components
 - 1. Functional components
 - 1. Functional component types
 - 2. Class-based components
 - 1. Class component types
 - 3. Why use one or the other?
 - 1. Important distinctions before version 16.8
 - 1. Class-based components for state and lifecycle
 - 2. Functional components for simplicity and purity
 - 4. Currently, prefer functional components with hooks
 - 2. Testing basic components
 - 1. Testing libraries: Enzyme vs Testing Library (sic)

- 2. Jest
- 3. Testing with Testing Library
- 4. Testing with TypeScript
- 3. Props and state
 - 1. Properties and types
 - 2. Passing in properties
 - 3. Limitations of properties
 - 4. State and types
 - 5. Using state and the useState() hook
 - 6. When to use state, when to use props
 - 7. Testing state and prop changes
- 4. Event handling
 - 1. React event handling
 - 2. Event types
 - 3. Synthetic events
 - 4. React vs DOM event handling
 - 5. Testing events
- 5. Children
 - 1. Component types
 - 2. Components within components
 - 3. Known children and unknown children
 - 4. Testing child components
- 6. Parent-child component communication
 - 1. Communication from parent to child
 - 2. Communication from child to parent
 - 3. Container vs presentational components
 - 4. Using types to validate communication
- 4. React Component Lifecycle
 - 1. Lifecycle overview
 - 1. Startup and mounting
 - 2. Rendering
 - 3. Updating
 - 4. Unmounting
 - 2. Using useEffect() for lifecycle methods
 - 1. Run once
 - 2. Run every render
 - 3. Run on specific changes / updates
 - 3. Lifecycle methods in tests
 - 4. Error handling and error boundaries
- 5. Intermediate component usage
 - 1. Asynchronous dat
 - 1. When should asynchronous fetching be done?
 - 2. What challenges does async offer?
 - 3. Working with Promises and generic types
 - 4. Asynchronous best practices
 - 5. Testing against async fetches
 - 2. Lists of data

- 1. Iterating over a list
- 2. The key property
- 3. Sorting data
- 4. Testing component interactions
- 6. Forms
 - 1. Controlled vs uncontrolled components
 - 1. Form field types
 - 2. What does React know about your form field?
 - 3. Does React control your form field?
 - 4. When does React find out about changes to your form field?
 - 2. Form field types
 - 1. Controlling a text field
 - 2. ther form fields
 - 3. Getting data out of a form
 - 4. Working with form data in tests
- 7. Introduction to Redux
 - 1. What problems does Redux solve?
 - 2. How does it solve them?
 - 3. Basic Redux pattern
 - 1. Store
 - 2. Reducers
 - 3. Actions
 - 4. Redux types
- 8. Modern Redux with the Redux Toolkit
 - 1. What is the Redux toolkit
 - 2. What does it provide?
 - 3. The ducks pattern
 - 4. Testing Redux
- 9. React and Redux
 - 1. Plugging into React
 - 1. State as props
 - 2. Events as dispatch
 - 3. Introducing higher-order components
 - 2. Types with React-Redux
 - 1. Too many variations
 - 2. Using Generics
 - 3. Solving TypeScript issues with React-Redux
 - 3. Turning our standalone Redux program into a component
 - 4. Middleware
 - 1. Provided by the toolkit
 - 2. ther middleware
 - 5. Building a real-world React-Redux component
 - 6. Testing React-Redux components
 - 7. Higher-order components in detail
 - 1. What do higher-order components do?
 - 2. Why would I use a higher-order component?
- 10. Asynchronous Redux

- 1. The difficulties of asynchronous Redux
- 2. Asynchronous middleware
 - 1. Depending on your needs, we can use either thunks, sagas, or survey both techniques for asynchronous interactions
 - 2. Types as appropriate
- 3. Dispatching async actions
- 4. Typing async results
- 5. Catching results
- 6. Handling errors
- 7. Testing asynchronous Redux

1. Setup

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2. Context

- 1. What is the Context API?
- 2. How to use the Context API
 - 1. Hooks-based Context: the useContext() hook
 - 2. Class-based Context
- 3. Testing while using Context
- 3. Advanced Redux
 - 1. Using reselect to minimize re-rendering
 - 1. Reselect, types, and function types
 - 2. Normalizing state
 - 1. Using types to help normalize state
 - 3. Higher-order reducers
 - 4. Helper libraries
- 4. Introduction to routing
 - 1. What problem is routing trying to solve?
 - 2. How does routing solve this problem?
 - 1. Tying components to URLs
 - 2. Passing parameters via the URL
 - 3. Routing software: React Router
 - 4. Simple router example
 - 5. Routing types
 - 6. Testing routing
- 5. More complex routing
 - 1. Top-level routing
 - 1. Routing at the top of your application
 - 2. Allowing other parts of the application to manage routing
 - 2. Redirects
 - 3. React-router objects and their types
 - 1. match
 - 2. history

- 3. location
- 4. Routing organizational techniques
- 5. Testing advanced routing
- 6. Advanced React
 - 1. Understanding and optimizing reconciliation
 - 1. Best practices for React reconciliation
 - 2. Recognizing common issues
 - 3. Making improvements
 - 2. Refs
 - 1. What's a ref?
 - 2. What problem does it solve?
 - 3. Ref types
 - 4. How can I use refs?
 - 5. Hooks: the useRef() hook
 - 6. Classes and createRef()
 - 7. The challenges of testing refs
 - 3. Render props
 - 1. Rendering in depth
 - 2. Rendering a function instead of a prop
 - 3. Using the render prop pattern
 - 4. Render props, function signatures, and types
 - 4. Testing render props

Class Materials

Each student will receive a comprehensive set of materials, including course notes and all the class examples.

Class Prerequisites

Experience in the following is required for this JavaScript class:

- 1-2 years of JavaScript experience.
- Advanced understanding of JavaScript, including prototypes and functions as first class citizens.